# First record of the genus Euepedanus from China, with the description of a new species (Opiliones: Laniatores: Epedanidae) 

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#### Abstract

The opilionid genus Euepedanus is recorded for the first time from China and a new species, named E. flavimaculatus sp. n., is described and illustrated from specimens collected in the Diaoluo Nature Reserve on Hainan Island, China.


Key words: Arachnida, Epedaninae, taxonomy

## Introduction

Euepedanus is a distinctive opilionid genus in the family Epedanidae and in the subfamily Epedaninae. Members of this genus are usually $3.0-5.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ in length and can be easily distinguished from other epedanines by a pair of long spines in the opisthosomal region of the dorsal scutum, and by a median spine on the eye tubercle. After the genus Euepedanus was established by Roewer in 1915 for the Singaporean and Malaysian species E. trispinosus Roewer, 1915, six additional species have been reported from Thailand: E. orientalis (Hirst, 1912), E. chaiensis Suzuki, 1969, E. dividuus Suzuki, 1969, E. similis Suzuki, 1985, E. pentaspinulatus, Suzuki, 1985 and E. spinosus Suzuki, 1985.

Epedanus siamensis Hirst, 1912 was transferred to this genus by Roewer (1923: 207) on the basis of a pair of spines situated on the opisthosomal region of the scutum. Later (1938: 129) he decided that this species should be placed in the genus Caletorellus because the tarsi of the third and fourth legs have a two-tined double claw. In addition, the genus Mimepedanus Roewer, 1923 was synonymized with the genus Euepedanus by Suzuki (1969: 83) on the basis that the numbers of tarsalia in distitarsus II and the numbers of ventral setiferous tubercles on the palpal femur overlap in both genera.

