



A new species of *Harpasus* Mulsant (Coleoptera, Coccinellidae, Chilocorinae) from Peru

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Abstract

A new species from Peru, *Harpasus quadrifolium* González, Corrêa & Almeida **sp.nov.** is described and illustrated (type locality: Chanchamayo, Peru).

Key words: Chilocorini, description, Neotropical, taxonomy

Resumo

Uma nova espécie do Peru, *Harpasus quadrifolium* González, Corrêa & Almeida **sp.nov.**, é descrita e ilustrada (localidade tipo: Chanchamayo, Peru).

Palavras-chave: Chilocorini, descrição, Neotropical, taxonomia

Introduction

Mulsant (1850) indicated the genus *Harpasus* as subgenus of *Orcus*, including the species *O. pallidilabris*, *O. eversmanni* and *O. zonatus*. Later Crotch (1874) synonimized *Harpasus* with *Curinus*, and designated *O. (Harpasus) pallidilabris* as type species. Chapin (1965) reviewed the genera of Chilocorini and reestablished the genus *Harpasus*. Gordon (1987) in his catalogue of the Crotch collection of Coccinellidae, agreed with Chapin (1965) and included the three first species of *Curinus* in *Harpasus*. Fürsch (1996) recognized *Harpasus* as a valid genus in the subfamily Chilocorinae, tribe Chilocorini. The genus contains four species, including a recently described species *Harpasus aureus* Almeida & Carvalho, 2006. We describe herein an additional new species collected in Chanchamayo (11°3'0" S, 75°19'0" W), Department of Junín, Peru. Types were deposited in the following collections: Museo de Entomología Klaus Raven Büller, Universidad Nacional Agraria La Molina, Lima, Perú (UNALM) and Coleção Entomológica Pe. J. S. Moure, Universidad Federal do Paraná, Curitiba, Paraná, Brazil (DZUP).

According to Chapin (1965) *Harpasus* may be recognized by the following combination of characters: 1) body rounded, convex, surface glabrous; 2) antenna short, composed of nine antennomeres (Fig. 8); 3) prosternal process broad, with lateral margins strongly grooved between the coxal cavities, 4) legs slender, tibial spurs present on second and third legs, tarsal claws appendiculate, with basal tooth large, quadrate, 5) elytral margin narrowly reflexed, epipleura foveolate to receive the femoral apices of the hind legs; 6) abdomen with