

# **Article**



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# First record of the genus *Discotylenchus* Siddiqi, 1980 (Nematoda: Tylenchidae) from Iran, with description of one new and data on two known species

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#### **Abstract**

The genus Discotylenchus is reported for the first time from Iran. Discotylenchus iranicus n. sp. is described and illustrated based on morphological and morphometric characters. The new species is characterized by a combination of the following morphological features: lip region continuous and smooth, tapering to an offset prominent labial disc, lateral field with four incisures, stylet length of  $14-15 \mu m$ , vulva position at 70.8-76.5 %, tail length of  $81-100 \mu m$ , conoid with a rounded tip and presence of males. The Iranian population of D. brevicaudatus shows a wider morphometric range compared to the original description and the male of this species is described for the first time. The morphological characters and range of morphometric data of D. discretus are in full agreement with the original population.

Key words: Discotylenchus iranicus n. sp., D. brevicaudatus, D. discretus, first report, Northern Khorasan province, south-western Iran, Zea mays.

### Introduction

The genus Discotylenchus Siddiqi, 1980 was erected by Siddiqi (1980) and currently contains 6 valid species (Geraert, 2008): D. attenuatus Siddiqi, 1980, D. azadkashmirensis (Maqbool & Shahina, 1985) Siddiqi & Lal, 1992, D. brevicaudatus Brzeski, 1985, D. discolabialis (Mizukubo, 1993) Siddiqi, 2000, D. discretus Siddiqi, 1980 and D. longicauda (Maqbool & Shahina, 1985) Siddiqi & Lal, 1992. It is similar to Filenchus Andrássy, 1954 in most respects, except a tapering lip region bearing a terminal flat disc. Siddiqi (1980) described two new species, D. attenuatus and D. discretus while establishing the genus. Later, Brzeski (1985) added a third species from Mexico: D. brevicaudatus. Siddiqi and Lal, (1992) enriched the genus by transferring two other species from Ottolenchus Husain & Khan, 1967 to Discotylenchus, formerly described by Maqbool and Shahina (1985) from Pakistan as O. azadkashmirensis and O. longicauda. The last species added to Discotylenchus was first described as Filenchus discolabialis (Mizukubo, 1993) and transferred to the genus by Siddiqi (2000). During our extensive survey of plant-parasitic nematodes in north-eastern, south and south-western Iran, three species of the genus Discotylenchus were found for the first time. Two populations belong to two known species, namely D. discretus and D. brevicaudatus; the third population belongs to a previously unknown species and is herein described and illustrated as Discotylenchus iranicus n. sp.

## Materials and methods

Up to 220 soil samples were collected from across the country during 2008–2011. Nematodes were extracted from soil samples using the centrifugal-flotation method (Jenkins, 1964). The collected specimens were killed in hot 4%

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