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# Taxonomic notes on Dutch desmids VII (new species, new names, new record)

#### PETER COESEL<sup>1,\*</sup> & KOOS MEESTERS<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Institute for Biodiversity and Ecosystem Dynamics, University of Amsterdam, Box 94248, 1090 GE Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

<sup>2</sup> J. Meesters, Elbert Mooylaan 43, 1241 BB Kortenhoef, The Netherlands

\* Corresponding author (e-mail: p.f.m.coesel@uva.nl)

## Abstract

From the Netherlands, *Cosmarium bipyrenoideum* and *Euastrum spondylosioides* were described as new to science. *Cosmarium laeve* var. *distentum* was raised to *Cosmarium distentum*, whereas *Cosmarium cataractarum* was newly reported for the Dutch flora. All four species were discussed for possible affiliations with other desmid taxa.

## Introduction

Increasing desmid collecting activities in the Netherlands resulted in finds of species that could not be identified satisfactorily. In particular, the genus *Cosmarium* Corda ex Ralfs (1848: 91) appears to be rich in ill-defined, collective species. In the present study, a number of them is subjected to a detailed taxonomic study.

## **Materials and Methods**

Most samples were collected by squeezing (semi)aquatic plants. Samples from semi-atmophytic habitats obtaining *Euastrum spondylosioides*, however, were obtained by pressing a shallow cuvette into the wet soil. Samples containing *Cosmarium distentum* were gathered by scooping floating layers of blooming populations of that species from the water surface. Conductivity was measured with a HANNA HI 98311 EC/TDS/Temperature Tester. After collecting, the samples were kept at a temperature of 4 °C in a refrigerator and examined alive within a week. Part of the samples were also fixed with formaldehyde.

## **Taxonomic Account**

#### Cosmarium bipyrenoideum Coesel et Meesters, sp. nov. (Figs. 1-3, 11-15)

Cells in frontal view slightly longer than broad, deeply constricted. Sinus closed to about halfway, then opening widely. Semicells semicircular-reniform with broadly rounded basal angles. Cells in apical view oblong with almost parallel sides and broadly rounded angles. Cell wall smooth, faintly scrobiculate. Chloroplast with two pyrenoids. Dimensions: length  $37-45 \mu m$ , breadth  $35-40 \mu m$ , isthmus  $8-12 \mu m$ , thickness *ca*. 20  $\mu m$ .

**Type**:—THE NETHERLANDS. Flevoland: shallow pool in 'Kuinderbos' near Kuinre, 52.782° N, 5.807° E, among aquatic weeds, conductivity 170 μS cm<sup>-1</sup>, *Coesel & Meesters*, 5 *September 2014*, (holotype L! Hugo de Vries Lab 2014.01, preserved as a fixed natural sample).

**Differential diagnosis:**—At first glance, *Cosmarium bipyrenoideum* is a little conspicuous, smooth-walled *Cosmarium* species, superficially resembling common species such as *C. phaseolus* Ralfs (1848: 106), *C. depressum* (Nägeli 1849: 114) P.Lundell (1871: 38) or *C. klebsii* Gutwiński (1892: 19). Most striking difference with those species, however, is