Timea bioxyasterina sp.n., a new species from the Northeastern coast of Brazil (Demospongiae, Hadromerida)

BEATRIZ MOTHES*, CRISTINA P. SANTOS** & MAURÍCIO A. DE CAMPOS*

- * Museu de Ciências Naturais, Fundação Zoobotânica do Rio Grande do Sul, Cx. Postal 1188, 90001-970, Porto Alegre, RS, Brazil; bmothes@fzb.rs.gov.br
- ** Museu Nacional, Departamento de Invertebrados, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Quinta da Boa Vista, s/n, 20940-040, Rio de Janeiro, RJ, Brazil; csantos@mn.ufrj.br

Abstract

A new Brazilian species of *Timea* is described from 01°51'00"S-43°48'00"W (35.5 m depth). *Timea bioxyasterina* sp. nov. is set apart from other tropical Western Atlantic species by the possession of tylasters and two categories of oxyasters.

Key words: Taxonomy, Porifera, Hadromerida, northeastern Atlantic, Timea bioxyasterina sp. nov.

Introduction

Ongoing taxonomic screening of biological collections gathered in the past decades along the Brazilian continental shelf is revealing many new sponge taxa (Lerner & Mothes, 1999; Mothes & Lerner, 1999; Mothes & Silva, 2002). Study of material dredged off the coast of the State of Maranhão yielded a new species of *Timea*, which is described below. The genus has ca. 20 species recorded from the Mediterranean, North Atlantic, West Indies, Brazil and northern Australia; some of these identifications being in need of a revision as large discontiguous distributions are postulated.

Material & methods

The specimen was collected at Brazilian coast in the year 1973, from 01°51'00"S–43°48'00"W, off the coast of Maranhão State (Figure 1). It was dredged during oceanographic expedition [Superintendência de Desenvolvimento do Nordeste (SUDENE)—Comissão Maranhão]. The holotype is deposited in the Porifera Collection of the Museu Nacional, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Brazil (MNRJ).