



Zootaxa 3080: 1–108 (2011)
www.mapress.com/zootaxa/

Copyright © 2011 · Magnolia Press

Monograph

ISSN 1175-5326 (print edition)

ZOOTAXA

ISSN 1175-5334 (online edition)

ZOOTAXA

3080

Phylogenetics and comparative morphology of crab spiders (Araneae: Dionycha, Thomisidae)

SURESH P. BENJAMIN

Institute of Fundamental Studies, Hantana Road, Kandy, Sri Lanka

*Department of Entomology, National Museum of Natural History MRC 105, PO Box 37012, Smithsonian Institution, Washington DC,
20013-7012, USA. Email: suresh.benjamin@gmail.com*



Magnolia Press
Auckland, New Zealand

Accepted by C. Muster: 4 Jul. 2011; published: 28 Oct. 2011

SURESH P. BENJAMIN

Phylogenetics and comparative morphology of crab spiders (Araneae: Dionycha, Thomisidae)

(*Zootaxa* 3080)

108 pp.; 30 cm.

28 Oct. 2011

ISBN 978-1-86977-799-9 (paperback)

ISBN 978-1-86977-800-2 (Online edition)

FIRST PUBLISHED IN 2011 BY

Magnolia Press

P.O. Box 41-383

Auckland 1346

New Zealand

e-mail: zootaxa@mapress.com

<http://www.mapress.com/zootaxa/>

© 2011 Magnolia Press

All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored, transmitted or disseminated, in any form, or by any means, without prior written permission from the publisher, to whom all requests to reproduce copyright material should be directed in writing.

This authorization does not extend to any other kind of copying, by any means, in any form, and for any purpose other than private research use.

ISSN 1175-5326 (Print edition)

ISSN 1175-5334 (Online edition)

Table of contents

Abstract	3
Introduction	3
Material and methods	4
Results	7
Discussion	8
Taxonomic changes	11
Family Thomisidae	11
Genus <i>Aphantochilus</i> O. P.-Cambridge, 1870	11
<i>Borboropactus cinerascens</i> (Doleschall, 1859)	12
<i>Borboropactus nyerere</i> sp. nov.	12
Genus <i>Cebrenninus</i> Simon, 1887	13
<i>Cebrenninus rugosus</i> Simon, 1887	13
Genus <i>Epidius</i> Thorell, 1877	14
<i>Epidius binotatus</i> Simon, 1897	14
<i>Epidius rubropictus</i> Simon, 1909	15
<i>Epidius typicus</i> (Bösenberg & Strand, 1906) comb. nov.	15
Genus <i>Geraesta</i> Simon, 1889	15
<i>Geraesta hirta</i> Simon, 1889	16
<i>Geraesta lehtineni</i> sp. nov.	17
<i>Geraesta mkwawa</i> sp. nov.	17
Genus <i>Pharta</i> Thorell, 1891	17
<i>Pharta bimaculata</i> Thorell, 1891	18
<i>Pharta brevipalpus</i> (Simon, 1903) comb. nov.	18
Other material examined	19
Acknowledgments	20
References	20
Appendix A. Characters and character state descriptions	25
Appendix B. Phylogenetic data matrix	31

Abstract

The higher-level phylogenetic relationships of crab spiders (Thomisidae) are studied from morphological data. 33 taxa are coded for 74 characters (53 binary and 21 multistate). Several analyses using equal, successive and implied weights were carried out. The most parsimonious tree obtained by analysis with successive and implied weights is put forward as the preferred hypothesis of thomisid relationships (length 222 steps, CI 0.74, RI 0.83). Thomisidae emerge monophyletic in all analyses, supported by four unambiguous synapomorphies. It is now apparent that thomisid taxa have been mostly defined on the basis of plesiomorphic character states. A number of taxonomic changes, including the description of new taxa are proposed and the evolution of diverse behaviors of thomisids is studied in light of the new phylogenetic result. Color change behavior evolved once within the family, but eye arrangement patterns of the median ocular quadrangle, thought to be diagnostic for many genera, evolved as much as 10 times independently. The following new species are described: *Borboropactus nyerere* **sp. nov.**, *Cebrenninus srivijaya* **sp. nov.**, *Geraesta lehtineni* **sp. nov.** and *Geraesta mkwawa* **sp. nov.** The following new generic synonymies are proposed: *Bucranium* O. P.-Cambridge, 1881 = *Aphantochilus* O. P.-Cambridge, 1870; *Sanmenia* Song and Kim, 1992 = *Pharta* Thorell, 1891 and *Cupa* Strand, 1906 = *Epidius* Thorell, 1877. The following species are synonymized: *Regillus divergens* Hogg, 1914 and *Borboropactus hainanus* Song, 1993 = *Borboropactus bituberculatus* Simon, 1884 **syn. nov.**, *Epidius ganxiensis* (Yin, Peng & Kim, 1999) = *Epidius rubropictus* Simon, 1909 **syn. nov.**, *Geraesta bilobata* Simon, 1897 = *Geraesta hirta* Simon, 1889 **syn. nov.**, *Sanmenia kohi* Ono, 1995 = *Pharta bimaculata* Thorell, 1891 **syn. nov.** and *Sanmenia zhengi* (Ono & Song, 1986) = *Pharta brevipalpus* (Simon, 1903) **syn. nov.** The following new combinations are proposed: *Aphantochilus taurifrons* (O. P.-Cambridge, 1881) **comb. nov.**, *Epidius typicus* (Bösenberg & Strand, 1906) **comb. nov.**, *Pharta brevipalpus* (Simon, 1903) **comb. nov.**, *Pharta gongshan* (Yang, Zhu and Song, 2006) **comb. nov.**, *Pharta nigra* (Tang, Griswold & Peng, 2009) **comb. nov.** and *Pharta tengchong* (Tang, Griswold & Yin, 2009) **comb. nov.**

Key words: Arachnida, Biodiversity, Character weighting, Cladistics, Color change behavior, implied weights, sampling bias

Introduction

Crab spiders, family Thomisidae, are cryptically colored sit-and-wait predators that generally do not build capture webs. Thomisidae is a speciose family which includes 2146 described species in 177 genera (Platnick 2011).