

Supplemental File 1

**Illuminating a Dark Taxon: Revision of European *Trichacis* Förster (Hymenoptera: Platygasteridae) reveals a glut of synonyms**

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Morphological Terms and Links to Hymenoptera Anatomy Ontology

<b>Term</b>	<b>Definition</b>	<b>Link</b>
Antero-admedian line	The signum that is submedian and located on the anterior margin of the mesoscutum and corresponds to the site of origin of the longitudinal flight muscle.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1673">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1673</a>
Central keel	The line that is median and extending on the frons.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show_expanded/1592">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show_expanded/1592</a>
Cervical pronotal area	The area that is located medially on the pronotum and is delimited laterally by the epomial carina.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3175">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3175</a>
Clava	The anatomical cluster that is composed of apical flagellomeres bearing multiporous plates in female organism.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/866">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/866</a>
Claval formula	The number of sensilla on each clavomere from proximal to distal.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show_expanded/6054">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show_expanded/6054</a>
Clypeus	The area that corresponds to the site of origin of the clypeo-epipharyngeal muscle.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/516">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/516</a>
Epitorular striae	The transverse striae dorsal to the antennal rim.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1069">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1069</a>
Felt field	The setiferous patch that is located sublaterally on an abdominal sternum.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3413">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3413</a>
Gena	The area that is delimited by the intersection of the interorbital plane, the margin of the compound eye, the margin of the oral foramen, the occipital carina and the malar sulcus.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/482">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/482</a>

Hyperoccipital carina	The carina that extends on the vertex between the outer orbits.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3322">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3322</a>
Interantennal process	The area that is elevated and extends between the antennal rims.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show_expanded/858">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show_expanded/858</a>
LOL (lateral ocellar line)	The anatomical line that is the shortest between the margins of the median and lateral ocelli.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/4579">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/4579</a>
Male sex segment (A4)	The fourth antennomere (in Platygasteridae) often expanded or modified in male Platygasterinae.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1659">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1659</a>
Mesopleuron	The area that is located laterally of the mesodiscrimen.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/493">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/493</a>
Mesopleural carina	The carina that crosses the mesopleuron and limits ventrally the femoral depression.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3277">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3277</a>
Mesoscutum	The scutum that is located on the mesonotum.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/840">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/840</a>
Mesoscutellum	The scutellum that is located on the mesonotum.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/622">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/622</a>
Notaulus	The line that extends submedially along the mesoscutum and corresponds to the median border of the site of origin of the first mesopleuro-mesonotal muscle.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/601">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/601</a>
Occipital carina	The carina that surrounds dorsolaterally the occiput.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1597">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1597</a>
Occiput	The area that is concave and surrounds the postocciput.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/510">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/510</a>
Ocellar triangle	The area that is limited posteriorly by the posterior ocellar line and laterally by the lateral ocellar line.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3338">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3338</a>
OOL (ocular ocellar line)	The anatomical line that is shortest and connects the compound eye and the lateral ocellus.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3848">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/3848</a>

Parapsidal signum	The signum that is located between the notaulus and the parascutal carina and corresponds to the site of origin of the dorsoventral indirect flight muscle.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1699">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/1699</a>
Temple	The area that is located on the gena, posterior to the compound eye.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/839">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/839</a>
Vertex	The area that is delimited by the intersection of the margin of the compound eyes, the interorbital plane, and the anatomical line that is tangential to the point on the margin of the anterior ocellus which defines the minimum distance between the anterior ocellus and the oral foramen.	<a href="http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/608">http://portal.hymao.org/projects/32/public/ontology_class/show/608</a>