



## **ADRIANO B. KURY, IAN S. KURY & ANA BEATRIZ R. DE OLIVEIRA (2024) Checklists of extant harvestman (Arachnida: Opiliones) species for all the countries of the world. *Zootaxa*, 5515 (1): 001–162.**

Due to the complex editorial process and the multiple revisions during the preparation of this article, some discrepancies and omissions inadvertently made their way into the final published version. Additionally, portions of the content were unintentionally lost during the consolidation of different manuscript versions. These errata aim to address these issues and ensure the accuracy of the published work.

### **Corrections**

*Page 7:* The subtitle “**Methods**” was not properly formatted as a subtitle in the published version, which may have caused readers to overlook the start of the section.

*Page 19:* Table; Eurasia; Turkey. Last column: include Al-Khazali & Kachel (2024).

*Page 22:* Table; Cook Islands. This row has been incorrectly duplicated.

*Page 30:* In the “Eurasia” section, the following content should be included:

**Turkey.** The species name “*Graecophalangium turcicum* Mitov, 2009” has been included in the checklist of Turkish harvestmen (Al-Khazali & Kachel 2024), although it is a *nomen nudum*, presented only in a congress poster. Likewise, the species *Dasylobus kulczynskii* Nosek, 1905, *Leiobunum anatolicum* Roewer, 1957, *Metaplatybunus hypanicus* Šilhavý, 1966, and *Rilaena zakatalica* Snegovaya & Chemeris, 2005, appeared in the same list, but they are junior synonyms. As the authors did not question the synonymies, we assume these nomenclatural acts were overlooked; therefore, they should be deleted from the checklist of Opiliones from Turkey.

*Page 30:* In the “List of European countries” section, the following content should be included at the end of paragraph 1:

A. Schönhofer’s website (Schönhofer, n.d.) features excellent, detailed maps of recorded distributions for several Opiliones species of Europe, accompanied by extensive annotations.

*Page 35:* In the “Ukraine” subsection, the following content should be included:

(6) Kharitonov (1946: 145) described the new species *Nemastoma redikorzevi* Kharitonov, 1946, from “Пещера Сагапле” [add translation here], in Georgia. Five years later, Roewer (1951: 125) described another *Nemastoma redikorzevi* Roewer, 1951, from “Krim”, Autonomous Republic of Crimea (currently occupied by Russia), which was later combined under *Giljarovia* by Martens (2006: 165). Both names are primary homonyms. Staręga (1978: 205) combined Roewer’s species with *Paranemastoma*, and, correctly, followed the then current Edition 2 of ICZN (Arts. 59 a) and 60 b)), proposing a replacement name, *Paranemastoma roeweri* Staręga, 1978. Schönhofer (2013: 46) reinstated Roewer’s name, combined as *Paranemastoma redikorzevi*, invoking the Edition 4 of the Code (Art. 23.9.5). We contend that *Paranemastoma roeweri* is the correct name for the species, and that Art. 23.9.5 is not retroactive.

Page 36: Although Figure 5a was cited in the text, it was omitted from the final version of the article. The missing figure is provided below:

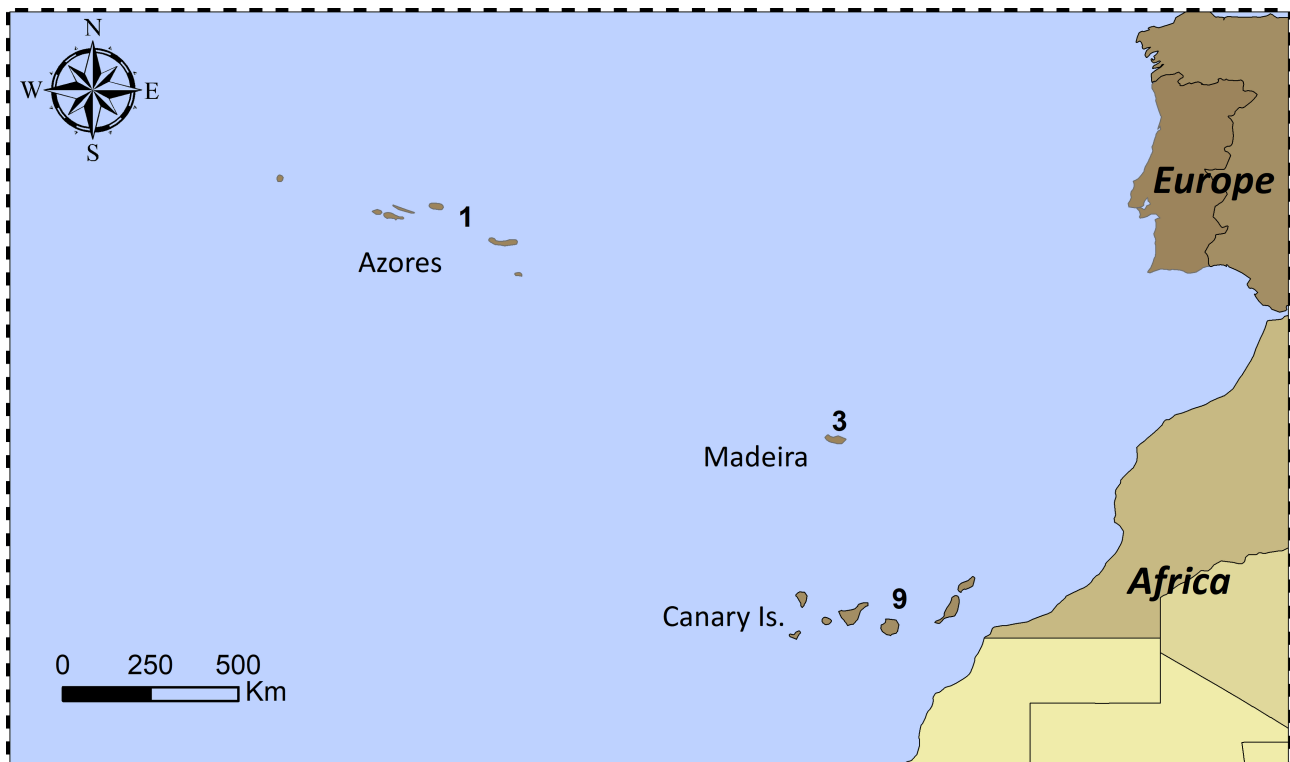


FIGURE 5a. Density of harvestman species in Europe. Detail of the Macaronesian Islands.

Page 38: The subtitle “List of countries of Oceania as used here with info on relevant checklists of Opiliones” was not properly formatted as a subtitle in the published version, which may have caused readers to overlook the start of the section.

Page 39: In “List of South American countries”, instead of “while the Gagrellinae are an important fraction”, it should read “while the Gagrellinae and Cyphophthalmi are an important fraction”

Page 39: After the “Peru” subsection, the following subsection should be included:

**Venezuela.** The Venezuelan species *Rhopalocranaus hickmanni* Caporiacco, 1951, appeared as *Cranaus hickmanni* in Kury’s catalogue (2003: 92) due to an oversight, as *Rhopalocranaus* Roewer, 1913, was considered a junior subjective synonym of *Cranaus* Simon, 1879, by Soares & Soares (1948b: 594). However, this synonymy had been rejected years earlier by Kury (1997a: 4). The original combination is restored here. *Neocynorta lata* (González-Sponga, 1992), originally *Cynorta lata*, is a junior primary homonym of *Cynorta lata* Banks, 1909, currently in the genus *Eucynortula*, therefore, the new name *Neocynorta lanegra* **nom. nov.** is herein proposed as a replacement. The species name is a noun in apposition, taken from the type locality, the road Bailadores–Páramo La Negra. Likewise, *Neocynorta punctata* (González-Sponga, 2003), originally *Paecilaema punctata*, is a junior primary homonym of *Paecilaema punctata* Sørensen, 1932, currently in the genus *Anduzeia*. Therefore, the new name *Neocynorta electrigena* **nom. nov.** is herein proposed as a replacement. The species name is a Neolatin adjective referring to the type locality at a hydroelectric power station.